UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Agricultural Research Administration Bureau of Entomology and Plant Quarantine

B. E. P. Q. 514, Revised, Supplement No. 1 September 22, 1950

PLANT QUARANTINE IMPORT RESTRICTIONS

OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

AMENIMENTS TO DESTRUCTIVE INSECT AND PEST REGULATIONS (PC 2805 dated June 9, 1950)

The following amendments to the Destructive Insect and Pest Regulations should be substituted for the paragraphs beginning with Paragraph (3) under section 10 at the bottom of page 6 in B. E. P. Q. 514, Revised, and including all of page 7. On page 8 the statement in parenthesis under the sub-head "Corn and Corn Products from the United States" should be deleted and the new paragraph (8) (a) substituted for the material at the bottom of page 8 and the top of page 9. Paragraph (8) (b) remains unchanged.

Other amendments refer to domestic regulations.

Part II, Section 10

Paragraph (3)

All nursery stock from Gypsy moth or Brown-tail moth areas, including all plants for the purpose of propagation or further growth, but not including plants grown in and shipped from a greenhouse, flower bulbs or perennial roots; the foliage of conifers, holly and laurel, except when used in floral funeral pieces; forest products, including logs, tan bark, posts, poles, railway ties, cordwood and lumber, and stone and quarry products from the States of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island and Vermont, and from such areas of the States of New York and Pennsylvania as may be regulated from time to time under the Gypsy and Brown-tail Moth Quarantine maintained by the United States Department of Agriculture or by a State Department of Agriculture, unless accompanied by a certificate of inspection, issued and signed by an authorized officer of the United States Department of Agriculture or a State Department of

Agriculture, establishing that the shipment was examined and found free from infestation by either the Gypsy moth or Brown-tail moth.

## Paragraph (5)

All species, hybrids and horticultural varieties, including the seeds, of the genus <u>Castanea</u> from Europe, Asia and the United States of America unless each importation is accompanied by a certificate issued and signed by an authorized officer of the country of origin to the effect that the plants (including seeds) covered by the certificate are believed to be resistant to the chestnut bark disease, <u>Endothia parasitica</u> (Murr) A.A.

## Paragraph (6)

- (a) All hybrids and horticultural varieties of sweet cherry, Prunus avium (including Mazzard seedling stock), sour cherry, P. cerasus, chokecherry, P. virginiana (including var. demissa), Mahaleb cherry, P. manaleb, peach, P. persica, and nectarine, P. persica var nectarina, including trees, root stock, cuttings, scions, budsticks, seeds, and cherry pollen from the United States of America unless each shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued and signed by an authorized officer of a State or the Federal Department of Agriculture, establishing that the material included in the shipment originated in and was shipped from a nursery that had been inspected by an authorized officer and that the virus diseases Little Cherry, Albino Cherry, Cherry Buckskin and Pink Fruit are not known to occur, either in the nursery or within twenty miles of its boundaries.
- (b) Root stocks and trees of all species, hybrids and horticultural varieties of peach or nectarine from the United States of America unless each shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued and signed by an authorized officer establishing that the virus diseases Phony Peach and Peach Mosaic are not known to occur, either in the nursery or within one mile of its boundaries.
- (c) All species, hybrids and horticultural varieites of peach or nectarine root stock, trees, cuttings, scions and budsticks to the Province of British Columbia from the United States of America unless each shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued and signed by an authorized officer establishing that the virus diseases Peach Yellows and Little Peach are not known to occur, either in the mursery or within one mile of its boundaries.

## Paragraph (8)

- (a) All corn stalks, including sorghums, broom corn and popcorn, whether used for packing or other purposes, green sweet corn, corn on the cob, shelled corn and corn cobs, into the Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, from the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, Tennessee, North Carolina and all states east and north thereof in the United States of America, unloss
- (i) the corn and corn parts specified herein have been manufactured or processed in such a manner as to eliminate all risk of carriage of the European corn borer, Pyrausta nubilalis Hbn., or
- (ii) each shipment is accompanied by a certificate issued and signed by an officer of a State or the Federal Department of Agriculture, establishing that each such shipment has been fumigated in a vacuum or air-tight vault as prescribed in the schedule hereunder, or (iii) each shipment of shelled corn is accompanied by
- a certificate issued and signed by an officer of a State or the Federal Department of Agriculture stating that the corn has been examined and found free from the European corn borer, Pyrausta nubilalis Hon., and corn cob and corn stalk debris.

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